Key to Females of *Psorophora (Janthinosoma)* Species in the United States

1.	pale band and terga III-VI with submedian pale apical patches; antennal whorl setae exceptionally short, less than half palpus length
	At least one of hindtarsomeres 3-5 with pale scales; terga II-VI purple, with small apicolateral patches of white scales; antennal whorl setae distinctly more than half length of palpus
2(1).	Venter of proboscis at base and base of palpus with golden-copper tint from side view; erect forked scales on occiput golden-orange; tergum I with median patch of purple scales; hindtarsomere 3 normally white apically, and 4 and 5 entirely white
	Base of proboscis and palpus dark purple; erect forked scales on occiput pale yellow or white; tergum I primarily with creamy white scales; hindtarsomere 3 usually entirely dark, and 4 or 5 pale, or both pale
3(2).	Scutum with distinct color pattern, median longitudinal third with dark brown scales, lateral thirds covered in creamy white scales
	Scutum without distinct color pattern, with scattered and mixed pale and brown scales
4(3).	Palpus long, between 0.28-0.33 length of proboscis; fore- and hindfemur without apical pale scales; subspiracular area with abundant white scales; hindtarsomere 4 normally white, rarely with few dark scales on 4; 5 white. (midwest – west of Mississippi River)
	Palpus short, less than 0.25 length of proboscis; fore- and hindfemur with apical pale scales; subspiracular area normally bare, infrequently with 2-8 scales; hindtarsomere 4 normally pale, and 5 pale or dark
5(4).	Postspiracular area with abundant pale scales and 7-12 setae; hindtarsomere 4 entirely or partially white, rarely all dark; 5 white; medium to large species
	Postspiracular area bare or with 1-4 pale scales and 3-7 setae; hindtarsomere 4 entirely or partially pale, rarely all dark; 5 dark; small species

6(3).	Antennal pedicel with mesal patch of pale scales; subspiracular area and proepimeron with numerous pale scales; hindtarsomere 4 normally partially pale, less commonly entirely white or dark;
	5 dark (extreme southern Florida) Ps. johnstonii
	Antennal pedicel without scales; subspiracular area and proepimeron
	bare; hindtarsomere 4 entirely dark, rarely with pale scales at
	base; 5 entirely or infrequently partially paleextreme southern Texas)

^{*} These three species normally have hindtarsomere 4 with white scales. Rare specimens have hindtarsomere 4 entirely dark scaled. Very rare specimens of *Ps. johnstonii* and *Ps. mathesoni* will have the hindtarsomeres entirely dark scaled.